## Evaluation of fungicides for control of downy mildew on cucumber, Cleveland 2014.

The experiment was conducted at the Piedmont Research Station in Cleveland, NC (N35°42.065'; W080°37.267'). Plots were single beds on 5-ft centers, covered with black plastic mulch; 14-ft long with 4-ft fallow borders at each end. The previous year the field was planted with soybean followed by rye as a cover crop. Cucumber was direct seeded on 15 Aug (1.5-ft in-row spacing, 2 seed/hill) in raised beds and thinned to one plant per hill after emergence (9 plants/plot). Irrigation and fertilization were applied via drip tape. Treatments were randomized into four complete blocks. Fungicide treatments were applied using a CO<sub>2</sub>-pressurized backpack sprayer equipped with a single-nozzle handheld boom with a hollow cone nozzle (TXVS-26) delivering 40 gal/A at 45 psi. Applications were made on 3, 10, 19 and 24 Sep and 2 and 8 Oct. Disease severity was assessed on 24 Sep and 2, 8 and 15 Oct as percentage of foliage with necrosis. Data was analyzed in the software ARM (Gylling Data Management, Brookings, SD) using analysis of variance (AOV) and the Waller-Duncan test to separate means.

Downy mildew was first detected on 3 Sep at approximately 2% disease severity in the field and progressed rapidly throughout the remainder of the trial. Combination treatments with alternations of Ranman + Bravo Weather Stik with Previour Flex + Bravo Weather Stik provided the best downy mildew control and highest marketable yield. Zampro + Bravo Weather Stik alternated with Tanos + Bravo Weather Stik also provided significant control of *P. cubensis* and marketable yield increase compared to the non-treated. None of the other treatments controlled downy mildew. No phytotoxicity was observed. In the table, treatments are sorted by disease severity on 15 Oct.

Treatment and rate of product per acre	Application No.	Disease Severity* (%)			Mkt. Yield
		2 Oct	8 Oct	15 Oct	(lb/plot)
Ranman 3.33SC 2.75 fl oz	1, 3, 5				
Induce 90L 0.25% v/v	1, 3, 5				
Bravo Weather Stik 6SC 2 pt	1, 3, 5				
Previcur Flex 6F 1.2 pt	2, 4, 6				
Bravo Weather Stik 6SC 2 pt	2, 4, 6	20.3 d**	39.5 d	61.3 c	22.9 a
Zampro 4.33SC 14 fl oz	1, 3, 5				
Induce 90L 0.25% v/v	1, 3, 5				
Bravo Weather Stik 6SC 2 pt	1, 3, 5				
Tanos 50WG 8 oz	2, 4, 6				
Bravo Weather Stik 6SC 2 pt	2, 4, 6	32.0 c	52.0 c	69.3 b	18.3 b
Equation 2.08SC 11.0 fl oz	1-6	68.5 ab	76.8 ab	94.5 a	8.4 c
Quadris 2.08SC 15.5 fl oz	1-6	73.8 a	75.8 b	95.0 a	7.1 c
Equation 2.08SC 15.5 fl oz	1-6	71.8 ab	77.3 ab	95.5 a	9.2 c
Zonix 8.5L 30 fl oz	1-6	70.0 ab	76.8 ab	96.0 a	7.3 c
Non-treated	1-6	73.0 ab	81.8 a	96.5 a	7.6 c
Zonix 8.5L 18 fl oz	1-6	68.0 b	78.3 ab	97.3 a	8.7 c
Zonix 8.5L 45 fl oz	1-6	71.8 ab	79.5 ab	97.5 a	9.3 с

<sup>\*</sup> Disease rating scale based on percent necrotic foliage caused by *P. cubensis*.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Treatments followed by the same letter(s) within a column are not statistically different (P=0.05, Waller-Duncan k=100).